

# St John Learning Ladder

Name:

Year:5

Times Tables	Addition	Subtraction	Properties of Number	Problem solving									
11) I can recall quickly all the multiplication and division facts for tables up to $12 \times 12$ and can use them confidently in larger calculations.	17) I can add large numbers in different contexts using formal column addition.	16) I can subtract large numbers using formal column subtraction. <i>Note: Exchanging should take place above the H, T and U columns.</i>	5) I can identify multiples and factors <i>Note: including finding all factor pairs of a number and common factors of two numbers.</i>	22) I can use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy.									
<b>Multiplication</b>	18) I can use rounding to estimate and check answers to calculations.	17) I can use rounding to check answers to calculations.	6) I know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factor and composite (non-prime) numbers.	23) I can solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in context, explaining which operations to use and why.									
12) I can use a formal vertical method to multiply HTU, THHTU and whole numbers with up to 2 decimal places by single digit numbers.	19) I can add whole numbers and decimals with different numbers of decimal places using column addition.	18) I can subtract whole numbers and decimals with different numbers of decimal places using column subtraction.	7) I can work out if a number up to 100 is a prime number and have quick recall of all the prime numbers to 19.	24) I can solve division problems interpreting remainders in a context and adjusting the answer appropriately. <i>Note: Word problems when buying in bulk etc...</i>									
	20) I can add numbers mentally using increasingly large numbers e.g. $(12\ 462 + 2300 = 14\ 762)$	20) I can subtract numbers mentally using increasingly large numbers (e.g. $12\ 462 - 2300 = 10\ 162$ )											
13) I can use related facts to multiply multiples of 10 and 100 e.g. $2 \times 3 = 6$ $20 \times 30 = 600$	<b>Fractions</b>	<b>Place Value</b>	8) I can recognise and describe number sequences including those involving fractions and decimals and find the term to term rule. e.g. add half	25) I can solve problems involving multiplication and division including scaling by simple fractions.									
14) I can multiply TU x TU using the grid method. <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr><td>x</td><td>10</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>50</td><td>500</td><td>100</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>40</td><td>8</td></tr> </table>	x	10	2	50	500	100	4	40	8	16) I can recognise and convert improper fractions to mixed number fractions.	19) I can read write order and compare numbers to 1 000 000 (1 million) and determine the value of each digit		26) I can solve multi step problems involving a combination of any of the 4 operations.
x	10	2											
50	500	100											
4	40	8											
15) I can multiply TU x TU using an expanded written strategy.	17) I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominators including recognising and converting improper fractions to mixed numbers.	20) I can round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 and 100,000.	9) I can recognise squared and cubed numbers and use the correct notation (symbols to represent these).	27) I can use all 4 operations to solve equivalence statements e.g. $5 \times \square = 18 + 12$									
16) I can multiply TU x TU using long multiplication.	18) I can compare and order fractions where denominators are in the same fraction family.	21) I can count forwards and backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000.	<b>Decimals</b>	28) I can investigate a problem involving place value and properties of number, and present my investigation in a clear and organised way. <i>Note: Opportunities for Nrich investigations in maths books.</i>									
			10) I can compare and order decimals with up to two decimal places.										
			11) I can round decimals (with 2.d.p) to the nearest whole number or the nearest tenth.										
			12) I can recognise thousandths and relate them to tenths and hundredths.										
			13) I can read, write order and compare decimal numbers that have 1,2 or 3 decimal places.										

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Name:

Class:5

Division	Fractions (continued...)	Place Value (continued)	Measures	Perimeter and Area
8) I can divide 4 digit and 3 digit numbers by one digit using short division	19) I can add and subtract fractions with denominators in the same fraction family.	22) I can interpret negative numbers in a real life context.	20) I can convert between different units of measure using my understanding of times and divide by 10, 100 and 1000	5) I can measure and calculate the perimeter of shapes that need to be partitioned into rectangles (compound shapes) in cm and m.
9) I can solve complex problems involving division including with remainders and round the answer appropriately in context	20) I can multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by a whole number using diagrams and objects to explain my reasoning.	<b>Time</b>	21) I can use all 4 operations to solve problems involving length, mass, capacity and scaling up or down.	6) I can measure and calculate the area of shapes that need to be partitioned into rectangles (compound shapes) in $\text{cm}^2$ and $\text{m}^2$
10) I can begin to represent a remainder as a fraction or decimal. e.g. $76 \div 6 = 12 \text{ r}3 = 12 \frac{3}{6} = 12 \frac{1}{2} = 12.5$ <i>Note: Keep fractions to decimals relationships simple at this stage: <math>\frac{1}{2} = 0.5</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4} = 0.25</math> and <math>\frac{3}{4} = 0.75</math>.</i>	<b>Shape</b>	19) I can solve problems which involve converting between units of time. e.g. expressing the answer as days and weeks.	22) I can estimate volume and capacity and explore these concepts using practical materials.	7) I can estimate the area of irregular shapes.
<b>Statistics</b>	18) I can find missing lengths and angles in rectangles using my knowledge of related facts.	20) I can solve problems involving time including reading simple timetables or time charts.	23) I can understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units (Inches, pounds, pints)	8) I can calculate and compare the area of rectangles using $\text{cm}^2$ and $\text{m}^2$ including from scale drawings.
15) I can decide which representations of data are most appropriate and explain why.	19) I can calculate missing angles on a straight line ( $180^\circ$ ) or at a point ( $360^\circ$ ) or within a right angle ( $90^\circ$ ).			9) I can find unknown lengths on compound shapes using my understanding of perimeter and area.
16) I can complete, read and interpret information presented in tables and other graphical representations.	20) I can identify 3D shapes from 2D representations.		<b>Position and Direction</b>	<b>Percentage and Ratio</b>
17) I can solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in line graphs	21) I can identify regular and irregular shapes using my knowledge of length of sides and angles.		9) I can identify, describe and draw the position of a shape on a grid after a translation.	1) I can recall and use equivalence between fractions, decimals and % to solve problems e.g. 10% of £5.00 or 50% of the team
	22) I can draw and measure given angles in degrees.		10) I can identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or a translation. I can explain if the shape has changed or not.	2) I can recognise and understand % as part of 100 and write a % as a fraction and a decimal
	23) I can identify and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles.			